


EXAM TASK

- 1  18 Usłyszysz dwukrotnie dwa teksty. Na podstawie informacji zawartych w nagraniu w zadaniach (1.1–1.6) z podanych odpowiedzi wybierz właściwą. Zakreśl literę A, B albo C. Zadania (1.1–1.3) odnoszą się do pierwszego tekstu, a zadania (1.4–1.6) do drugiego tekstu.

Tekst 1

Usłyszysz rozmowę kobiety i policjanta.

- 1.1 Jane decided to call the police about the boys because:
- A she often saw them in the neighbourhood.
 - B they were always rude to her.
 - C she saw them bullying someone.
- 1.2 The boys escaped:
- A when Jane said that a police officer was coming.
 - B when the little boy started crying.
 - C when they saw Jane.
- 1.3 The conversation is taking place:
- A at a police station.
 - B in Jane's house.
 - C on the phone.

Tekst 2

Usłyszysz wypowiedź ucznia.

- 1.4 The project is being organised by:
- A local government officials.
 - B students.
 - C a teacher.
- 1.5 The boy would like to ask government officials:
- A what they are going to do about safety in the area.
 - B what problems they are working on at the moment.
 - C how they are going to solve the problem of unemployment.
- 1.6 The boy:
- A is encouraging his friends to take part in the event.
 - B is describing the idea of democracy.
 - C is complaining about local government.

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EXAM TASK

- 2 Przeczytaj poniższy tekst. Do każdego akapitu (2.1–2.3) dopasuj właściwy nagłówek (A–D). Wpisz odpowiednią literę obok numeru każdego akapitu. Uwaga! Jeden nagłówek został podany dodatkowo i nie pasuje do żadnego akapitu.

- A Different factors influencing memories
- B In the heat of the moment
- C Why we pay attention to faces
- D News, reports or memories?

SHOULD WE TRUST OURSELVES?

In many cases people are found guilty of a crime because there was a witness who saw them breaking the law. However, there are more and more court cases where it turns out that a witness has given false evidence. According to research, we are not always the most reliable witnesses because of the way our brain works.

2.1

Our memory often fails us at the scene of the crime. Things usually happen very quickly and there are too many details to remember. Whenever people see a weapon, for example a knife or a gun, they naturally pay attention to the weapon, not to the face of the person who is holding it. Besides, everybody naturally becomes very emotional and is not always able to remember everything correctly.

2.2

Another problem is that we often combine our own memories with bits of information we've heard or read about. Witnesses often hear information from police officers, or see it on TV, and then sometimes this information gets mixed up with their own memories. The result is that we often believe that everything we remember is actually from our own first-hand experience.

2.3

Police officers and lawyers often do not quite realise how many different things can influence our memories, such as how far away we are from the scene of the crime or the time of the day. According to some studies, even the mood of the witness may influence the way they report the crime. Thus, as some researchers say, you can't always rely on the evidence of a witness.

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3 Uzupełnij zdania wyrazami utworzonymi od wyrazów w nawiasach.

- Do you think that the US President is a good? (POLITICS)
- Some people think that is the result of watching too much TV or playing too many video games. (VIOLENT)
- The criminal was sent to prison for (BURGLAR)
- He was caught when he was crossing the border of the country. (LEGALLY)
- The woman was found guilty of – she had stolen a famous painting from a museum. (THIEF)

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4 Uzupełnij tekst wyrazami z ramki użytymi w odpowiedniej formie. Trzy wyrazy zostały podane dodatkowo i nie pasują do żadnej luki.

commit guilty innocent judge law lawyer
prison solve

I have always wanted to work as a ¹
When I was younger, I loved reading books about criminals and the crimes they had ²
I loved to ³ crimes together with Sherlock Holmes, and I liked it when the criminal was finally caught. That's why I'm studying ⁴
at the moment. I really want to work in court and defend those who are innocent. I believe the society should do everything in order not to put innocent people in ⁵ to punish them for crimes they are not guilty of.

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5 Zakreśl odpowiednie wyrazy.

- We asked the headmaster if he *can / could* do something to make our school safer.
- The witness said that he *never saw / had never seen* the young man before.
- She *said me / told me* she didn't like the vandalism in the neighbourhood.
- The little boy said he *will / would* become a detective one day.
- The police officer asked me what *was I doing / I was doing* the previous night at 11.00.
- Could you tell me if *it is / is it* a safe neighbourhood?

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EXAM TASK

6 Uzupełnij zdania (6.1–6.5), wykorzystując podane w nawiasach wyrazy w odpowiedniej formie. Nie należy zmieniać kolejności podanych wyrazów, trzeba natomiast – jeżeli jest to konieczne – dodać inne wyrazy, tak aby otrzymać logiczne i gramatycznie poprawne zdania. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność ortograficzna wpisywanych fragmentów. **Uwaga!** W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie cztery wyrazy, wliczając w to wyrazy już podane.

- The teacher told (we/she/want) us to do a new project.
- Do you remember when (last election/take) place?
- The politician promised (he/organise) a press conference the next day.
- I wasn't sure what (I/must/prepare) for the presentation about democracy in Poland.
- My neighbour told me (she/see) a few suspicious looking men near her house the day before.

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EXAM TASK

7 Przeczytaj tekst i uzupełnij go, wpisując w każdą lukę (7.1–7.5) jeden wyraz z ramki w odpowiedniej formie. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność gramatyczna i ortograficzna wpisywanych wyrazów. **Uwaga!** Jeden wyraz został podany dodatkowo i nie pasuje do żadnej luki.

some commit pickpocket punish solve will

Forum

Neighbourhood Watch

Dear Mrs Grey,
I was really sorry to hear you had lost your wallet on the bus.
7.1 is a serious problem in our town and I agree with you that 7.2 should do something about it. Some people say it is not a serious crime but I believe that the people who commit it should be 7.3 Police officers say that minor crimes are usually not 7.4 because the police simply don't have the time to investigate them. That is why at our last meeting we decided that we 7.5 work together to stop the crime which happens in our neighbourhood.
Thanks for writing to us.
Best regards,
Tom Wilkinson

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RAZEM:

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